THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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JOHN SCULL.
Corner of Market and Front Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

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If the subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the end of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS, *not exceeding a square are inserted at One Dollar for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents for every continuance—those of a greater length in proportion.*

Persons sending Advertisements will please to mark the number of times they wish them inserted.

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS,
and Printing in general, executed with neatness and dispatch.

FERREE'S POWDER.

JAMES CROSSAN,

WOOD STREET,

BETWEEN Second and Third Streets, next door to James Morrison's, have on hands, and intend constantly keeping a supply of Ferree's RIFLE POWDER, which they will sell wholesale and retail on easy terms. Country Merchants can be supplied with this article, at the shortest notice.

Pittsburgh, *May* 25, 1814.

DR. BAINBRIDGE,

WISHES TO INFORM THE PUBLIC

THAT his LABORATORY is in operation for the Manufacture of NITROUS ACID, (Aquafortis) where it may be had of a superior quality Wholesale and Retail at his Medical Shop in the Diamond. Those at a distance who favor him with their commands accompanied with Cash, may rest assured that they will be promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh Sept. 20th. tfq

Steam Fulling Mills.

THE *PITTSBURGH STEAM FULLING MILLS* are now in complete operation. The proprietor is happy to inform the public, that he has engaged experienced workmen, and will be able to execute any orders in DYING and FULLING Business, in the best manner and with punctuality and despatch.

JAMES ARTHURS.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 14, 1814. tf

NEW HAT MANUFACTORY.

Hugh Moore & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that they have opened a HAT STORE, at the corner of Market and Water Streets, formerly occupied by J. Tolbott, where they offer for Sale, a large and elegant assortment of Beaver, Castor, and Roram HATS. Having procured excellent workmen and the best materials, they flatter themselves to serve those that will favor them with their custom, to their entire satisfaction.

☞ Orders will be received at the Warehouse of SHIRAS and M'NICKLE, and promptly attended to.

Wanted immediately, two or three Apprentices to the Hatting business. Apply to *Hugh Moore & Co. Pittsburgh.*

June 29, 1814. tf

THE Pittsburgh Point BREWERY,

hin operation, and conducted on

SHIRAS'S NEW SYSTEM OF MALTING & BREWING.

IT is with pleasure the subscriber informs the Citizens of Pittsburgh, that notwithstanding the advanced prices of grain and labour, he is enabled to *reduce* the prices of Liquors, *upwards of TWENTY FIVE per cent.* Orders received at the Brewery will be executed promptly as usual. BARLEY purchased.

Per James O'Hara.

GEO: SHIRAS.

Nov 1, 1814. tfq

House and Lot, FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will sell the HOUSE and LOT on which he at present resides, situated in Second street, between Wood and Market streets. The house is large and roomy; and the central situation makes it a desirable stand for a boarding house or large family. He will give a generous credit, and possession the 1st of April next; and if not disposed of at that time, it will be Let for 1 year. For particulars enquire of

TH: CROMWELL.

Aug 10th 1814 tfq

One Dollar and an Half

PER 100lbs. given for clean SCUTCHING TOW, of Flax or Hemp, at the Bookstore of the subscriber. At this season, when Flax and Hemp are dressed, it is hoped all farmers, who delight to see domestic manufactures prosper, and who should encourage the useful business of Paper making, will save this sort of Tow for the Paper Mills.

R. PATTERSON.

Pittsburgh, 24th Feb. 1815.

Saddlers Ironmongery,

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

Consisting of the following Articles—

FULL and half plated Stirrup Irons assorted
Do. do. Ladies Slippers do.
Do. do. Bitts and Bradoons do.
Do. do. Bradoons do.
Do. do. Pelham and Curb Bitts
Do. do. Double & Single Curb Chains
Plated Heads and Cantles
Plated and Princes Metal Spurs.
Do Saddle Rings
Do. Stirrup Slides
Tinned Mens' and Women's Stirrup Irons.
Do. Curb and Snaffle Bridle Bitts
Saddlers Knives and Hammers
Brass Nails and Tinned Tacks assorted
Flat Set Buckles, from 3-4 to 1 1-4 inch do.
Heads and Throats
Saddle Trees, (plated) assorted
Worsted and Cotton Girth-webbing do.
Straining Webb assorted
Saddle Cloth do.
Seal Skins
Leather Stocks and Cockades
Double Shot Pouches and Powder Flasks
A large and complete assortment of Cut Tacks from 2 1-2 to 14 oz.
Corks by the bale

The subscriber intends keeping a constant supply of the above Articles, and will sell them low, either wholesale or retail, for Cash Country Linen, or on a short Credit, at his Store in Market Street, between Front and Second Streets.

HENRY BAILEY.

Pittsburgh, December 26, 1814. tf

Broad Cloths & Sattinets

FOR SALE BY

GEORGE COCHRAN,

AT his Woollen Manufactory, corner of Diamond Alley and Liberty Street, by the piece or yard, as cheap as they can be had in New-York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

Also, a few Stocking Nette, Worsted Woollen and Cotton Half Hose.

G. C. respectfully solicits the patronage of the public to encourage his Manufactory, and assures those who may wish to purchase, that his Cloth is not inferior according to quality, either in colour and durability, to that imported from Great-Britain.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1815.

CASH FOR ASHES.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

WILL give TWENTY FIVE CENTS per bushel for any quantity of good Oak and Hickory ASHES, delivered at his store in Liberty street, near the sign of the white Bear.

JOSEPH BECKER.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 9, 1815.

New Goods for Sale.

JUST received and for Sale, at the AUCTION AND COMMISSION STORE, corner of Market and Front Streets.

1 case containing 29 pieces black and green bombazettes,
34 dozen figured cashmere shawls
50 lb. Turkey Cotton
1 chest Imperial Tea
1 do. Young Hyson Tea
98 pair Cossack Boots
4 half pipes Wine
6 barrels Jamaica Spirits
1 do. Holland Gin
20 barrels Green Coffee
20 bags do.
7 boxes Ribbands assorted
7 dozen Ladies Silk Gloves
1 second hand Piano Forte
1 trunks Ladies Kid and Morocco Shoes
1 bbl. Old Particular Madeira Wine.

Merchants and Storekeepers throughout the Western Country, are informed that a constant supply of MERCHANDIZE will be kept at the above Store, and Sold at a very small advance on the Philadelphia prices, for Cash only.

CHARLES M'CABE & Co.
Commission Merchants.

Pittsburgh, January 25, 1815. tf

TOBACCO MANUFACTORY

THE subscriber, (recently from Philadelphia) has established a TOBACCO MANUFACTORY in this town, on Front str't two doors from the Post Office; where he offers for sale, Virginia twist and Kentucky TOBACCO SNUFF & SEGARS. of as good quality, and on better terms than can be purchased in Philadelphia or Baltimore.

REES JONES.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 1. *tfq*

Surgeon's Instruments.

Just received and for Sale, by

AVERY & VAN ZANDT,

An Invoice of SURGEON'S INSTRUMENTS,
Among which are—
AMPUTATING,
DISSECTING,
TREPANNING,
POCKET,
TEETH.

Pittsburgh, Feb 9, 1815.

TIN PLATE.

THE SUBSCRIBER.

OFFERS for SALE a few Boxes of TIN PLATE.

Also—an assortment of TIN, COPPER, AND SHEET IRON works.

JOHN TOWN.

Pittsburgh, February 17, 1815.

Commission Warehouse

JOSEPH DAVIS & Co.

Have on hand and for Sale at their Commission Warehouse, in the Diamond, Pittsburgh.

SUPERFINE and coarse broadcloths
Cassimers, Bedford cords & waistcoating
Ribbons and boss by the box
Suspenders by the dozen
Dowlas by the piece
Ladies straw bonnets per dozen
Sewing silk and twist per lb.
Brandy by the barrel and keg
Loaf sugar and rice by the barrel
Swedish steel by the tub
Best refined salt petre by the barrel
Connecticut cheese by the hundred weight
A quantity of mens and womens shoes in all their variety, by the dozen or box.
Ladies and gentlemens saddles
Together with a number of other articles too numerous to insert.

They also beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they are ready to *receive, store* and *sell* on commission all kinds of Merchandize forwarded to their care, and from their long experience in business, they hope to give general satisfaction, as they are determined to use the greatest care and punctuality on their part.

Millers and Distillers are informed they can be accommodated with storage.

J. DAVIS & Co.
Commission Merchants.

Pittsburgh, 7th November, 1814

GREENSBURGH AND PITTSBURGH TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

THE President, Managers and Co. have directed another (the 3d) instalment of ten per cent on the Capital Stock of the Company (being Five Dollars on each share) to be paid to the Treasurer on or before the 6th of April next, of which the Stockholders will please to take notice.

WILLIAM FRIEDT, *Treasurer.*

March 1, 1815.

Instalments if paid in due time, will be received as heretofore, by Messrs. Luckey, Stewart, and Morrow; such of them, however, as are not paid within 60 days after the time appointed, must then be paid to the *Treasurer only*, who will be obliged to charge interest thereon at the rate of *five per cent per month*, agreeably to the 7th section of the law passed the 24th of February, 1806. W. F.

FOR SALE OR LEASE,

Sixteen Lots of Ground,

fronting on Smithfield Street, between Front and Second Streets, and Diamond Alley and Fifth Streets. Apply to

JOHN THAW,
DAVID PHIDE.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1815. tf

N. B. A HOUSE at the corner of Smithfield and Front Streets, to Let.

FRESH & SEASONABLE GOODS.

CONSISTING of London Black, Navy Blue, Bottle Green and Mix'd Superfine and fine Broad Cloths
Plain and corded Cassimers—superfine blue stocking Webb
Cassinetts, velvet Cords and Velvets
Blue, lead and bottle green superfine Pelisse cloths
Kersey mole skins and coatings
Swansdown, toilenett, mole skin & silk Jacket Patterns
Worsted, silk and cotton Hoserey
Superfine and fine white, yellow and red Flannels
7-4, 9-4, 10-4 and 12-4 rose Blankets
Superfine Calicoes—cambric & jaconett Muslins
Black, blue, green & bottle green Bombazetts
Spotted, stripe and plain sarsenett and book Muslins
Linen, cambrics, Irish linens, English shirting, &c.
Ladies long and short kid, beaver and silk Gloves
Linen and cotton laces
6-4, 7-4 and 8-4 levantine, damask and cotton shawls
Levantine, double florence, and senshaw silks handsomely assorted
Ladies kid, Morocco, cordivan and calfskin shoes, boots and slippers,
Mens and boys fine and coarse shoes,
Gilt and mahogany frame looking and dressing glasses

And a variety of other articles too tedious to mention, which they intend selling on the most moderate terms.

JOHN & JAMES BROWN.

Pittsburgh, October 4th, 1814.

JOHN BAIRD,

TAYLOR, PITTSBURGH.

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he continues to carry on his business as usual, where due attention and promptitude will be paid to all orders.

Those indebted to him he requests will make immediate payment; those who have been indebted for years back, are informed, that they will find their accounts in the hands of PHILIP GILLAND, Esq. and that if they wish to save cost they will call on that gentleman without any delay, and make settlement.

Pittsburgh, February 1, 1815.

☞ LOOK HERE!

I WISH TO LET, on Improving Leases, FIVE TRACTS OF UNIMPROVED LAND, of from two to three hundred acres each, situate in Allegheny county, from 10 to 14 miles distant from Pittsburgh.

For terms, apply to

JAMES GRAY,
corner of Liberty and Front Streets.

Pittsburgh, March 1, 1815. tf.

N. B. *I request all persons indebted to me to make immediate payment, and those having demands against me, will please present them and receive payment.* J. G.

COLUMBIAN STEAM ENGINES.

THE PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE COMPANY,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their establishment is now in complete operation and consists of

STEAM ENGINE FACTORY,

For furnishing steam engines on Oliver Evans's construction, which daily experience is proving to be the cheapest and most powerful.

AN AIR FOUNDERY,

On an extensive scale capable of furnishing castings of any description, but particularly adapted to machinery.

An ANVIL and ANCHOR Factory,

Capable of furnishing anvils and anchors of the largest size.

A BRASS FOUNDERY,

Calculated for general castings, but particularly for machinery and large bells, which will be warranted of the first quality.

A BUTT-HINGE Factory,

Will also shortly be in operation, on a scale sufficiently large to supply any demand. It is also intended to supply small castings annealed.

A PATTERN MAKERS SHOP; and a BORING & TURNERS SHOP,

The lathes are driven by the force of steam; and all orders in the different branches of turning *Iron, Brass, Wood, &c.* will be executed with despatch:—They also carry on the business of

SCREW MAKING,

And are prepared to furnish Rolling and Slitting mill, Paper mill, Fullers, Tobacco, and Mill stone Screws, &c.

The *Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company* flatter themselves that the nature and extent of their establishment, will enable them to furnish any article in the mechanical line particularly, on as short and as favorable terms as any establishment in the state.

They have on hand A STEAM ENGINE, sufficiently powerful to grind from 20 to 25 bushels of wheat per hour, in the best manner. Also, a number of Paper mill, Fullers and Mill screws, and Sugar mill apparatus

March 1, 1815, tfq

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House in the borough of Pittsburgh, *on Monday, the 3d day of April*, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

All the right, title, interest and claim of *James Davis*, of, in, and to the following described tracts or pieces of land, to wit:——Lot No. 43, in Indiana township, Allegheny county, Cunningham's district, bounded southwardly by lots No. 42 and 60; westwardly by lots No. 59 and 58; northwardly by lot No. 44; and eastwardly by the Allegheny river, containing 218 acres and 120 perches, more or less, about 50 acres cleared, on which is erected 2 cabins, 1 still house, and 1 cabin roofed barn, with a bearing orchard.——Also, Lot No. 44, bounded southwardly by lot No. 43; westwardly by lot No. 58; northwardly by lot No. 45, and eastwardly by the Allegheny river, containing 214 acres, more or less, with about 60 acres cleared, on which is erected 1 grist mill, 1 saw mill and 1 cabin.—Also, Lot No. 45, bounded southwardly by lot No. 44; westwardly by lot No. 58; northwardly by lot No. 46; and eastwardly by the Allegheny river, containing 220 acres and 40 perches, more or less, about 70 acres cleared, on which is erected 3 cabins, and 1 cabin roofed barn, with a bearing orchard; at the suit of Joseph Davis.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold by me.

W. : WOODS, *Sheriff.*

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1876.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of John M'Donald, late of Robinson township, Washington county, Pennsylvania, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them for settlement at the late dwelling house of said deceased. The Executors will all attend on Monday the 10th day of April next, and continue during that week, for the final settlement of all accounts both in favour of and against said estate, when those who shall not have had their accounts settled will please attend.

JOHN, JAMES, & ALEX. M'DONALD,
Executors.

February 27, 1815. 4t

PUBLIC SALE

Of Lots in Steubenville.

ON the 27th of March next, I will offer for Sale at Public Auction, Forty Eight Lots at the north end of Steubenville; each Lot containing 60 feet in front on a street 60 feet wide, and extending 180 feet back to an alley of 20 feet. Liberal credit will be given for the purchase money. The Sale to begin at 2 o'clock in the afternoon on the premises.

JAMES ROSS.

February 18, 1815.

Domestic Manufactures.

THE subscriber at his MANUFACTORY just above the round Church, in Liberty street, has on hand and intends to keep a regular supply of the following

GOODS.

7-4, 6-4, and 5-4 shawls,
Pittsburgh CORDS,
Cotton PLUSH and VESTING,
COTTON SOCKS, white and blue.
CAMBRICKS, PLAIDS and GINGHAMS,
COTTON YARN, assorted.

Store Keepers will find it their interest to call on me as I intend to sell very low for cash.

JOSHUA ARMITAGE.

February 20, 1815.

TO BE RENTED,

A large commodious and elegant three story

Brick Warehouse,

adjoining Messrs. G. & C. Anshutz, and now in the possession of Brown & Porter.

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON.

Pittsburgh, February 15, 1815. tf

WANTED,

Stone Masons, Coopers, and a Baker.

CONSTANT Employment and Liberal Wages will be given at the Falls of Ohio to Six skilfull Stone Masons, well acquainted with dressing stones for and building Arches.

Also, to Six Coopers, well acquainted with making Flour Barrels.

Also, to a Baker, well acquainted with making Biscuit.

None need apply but sober men that can give good references.

Enquire at BOSLER & Co.
Front Street.

Pittsburgh, 18th January, 1815. tf

PITTSBURGH POTTERY.

Trotter & Co.

HAVING established their Manufactory of QUEENSWARE, in Pittsburgh, and now commenced fabricating wares similar to those of the Potteries in Philadelphia, take this opportunity to inform the public, that they are ready to execute such orders for those who may have the goodness to favour them, at their Pottery, corner of Seventh and Grant Streets, or to ANTHONY BEELEN & Co. or RICHARD BOWEN & Co. where specimens of the Ware may be seen.

List of Articles at present Manufacturing.

Wash-hand basons,	Coffee Pots,
Ewers,	Tea Pots,
Chambers,	Coffee Cups,
Dutch Jugs,	Tea Cups,
Bowls,	Chocolates,
Mugs,	Sugar Basons,
Gobiets,	Butter Tubs,
Pitchers,	Baking Dishes.

February 8, 1815. tf

TO BE SOLD OR RENTED,

A LOT in the Borough of Pittsburgh, situate on the corner of the Diamond and Union Street, and having two commodious Dwelling Houses erected thereon.—Possession of the Brick Dwelling House will be given immediately. For terms apply to

SAMUEL DOUGLASS.

Pittsburgh, February 15, 1815. tf

TO BE RENTED.

And possession given the first of April next,

THREE Commodious Brick Houses in Third Street, between Wood and Smithfield Streets. For terms enquire of the subscriber living in Fourth Street, Pittsburgh.

JOSEPH OLIVER.

February 22, 1815.

FOR SALE,

THE subscriber offers for Sale the HOUSE and LOT now occupied by Walter Forward, Esq. in Fourth, between Market and Wood Streets. The House is completely finished; it is an eligible situation for business, and will be sold on very reasonable terms, a small part of the purchase money only will be required in hand. The title is indisputable.

E. PENTLAND.

Pittsburgh, February 11, 1815.

TO MY CREDITORS.

TAKE Notice, that I have applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Westmoreland, and State of Pennsylvania, for the benefit of the insolvent laws of said state; and that they have appointed the last Monday in March next for the hearing of me and my creditors, at the Court-House in Greensburgh: and direct that notice thereof be inserted in the Greensburgh and Indiana Register, and Pittsburgh Gazette, at least two weeks before the time of hearing.

CHARLES C. SEWELL.

Greensburgh Prison, Feb. 27. 1815.

NOTICE.

THE improper conduct of my wife *Harriot*, and her leaving my house, justifies in giving this public notice to all persons not to harbour or credit her on my account, and that I shall pay no debts of her contracting.

WILLIAM DEAL, jun.

February 28, 1815.

DREADFUL VOLCANIC ERUPTION.

Manilla. (Pacific Ocean,) Feb. 24

Thirteen years had elapsed since the volcano of Albay, called by the natives Mayon, had remained in undisturbed silence; so that it was contemplated without those feelings which volcanoes generally raise in the minds of the neighbors. The last eruption took place in the year 1800, when great quantities of sand, stone and ashes were thrown up and caused great damage to the neighboring villages. From that period nothing occurred to mark a volcano, so that the terror which it had occasioned began by degrees to evaporate. The lofty brow of the mountain was converted into a pleasant and beautiful garden, and was cultivated with hemp, cocoa nuts, and many kinds of fructiferous trees, with a great quantity of roots and leguminous plants, which at the same time that they afforded a delightful prospect to the eye, gave support to many industrious families.

On the last day of January some slight shocks of earthquakes were felt, but were hardly noticed; similar shocks having become very frequent since the dreadful eruption in October, 1800. During the night the earthquake became more severe, and at two o'clock in the morning was more violent than had at any time been known. It was repeated at four o'clock; and from that time continued without intermission till the eruption commenced. A morning more fair, or an horizon more serene than attended the approach of day, had never been known. The hills contiguous to the volcano were, however, observed to be covered with mist, which was supposed to be the smoke of some house that had been burnt during the night. No sooner, however, had the clock, on that fatal morning struck eight, than the volcano began to emit tremendous quantities of stone, sand and ashes, which were instantaneously thrown up into the air, higher than the eye could reach, and caused terror and consternation among the inhabitants, who saw the summit of the mountain assume a most terrific appearance. The eruption was more tremendous than had ever before been known, and every one expected instant death. The first effort was to offer up prayers for divine mercy, and then to fly to seek shelter in the caves and remote parts in the mountains; but the efforts of many were fruitless, being overtaken in their flight by showers of stones and burning matter, which spread death among them. The misery of our situation increased as the day became darkened, and the subterraneous noise of the volcano more severe. The eruption continued for *ten days*, and during the first four was accompanied by almost total darkness. About noon on the tenth day the noise of the volcano began to lessen, and by two o'clock the horizon was entirely clear, and enabled us to see distinctly the horrid and lamentable destruction which the darkness had concealed from us. Five populous towns in the province of Cumarines, and the principal part of Albay, were destroyed; more than 1200 persons were reckoned among the dead, and many that survived were dreadfully wounded or hurt!

The mountain presents a melancholy picture; its brow which was before cultivated, and offered a beautiful prospect, is now a dry and barren desert. The matter thrown out by the volcano covers the ground in some places from 10 to 12 yards in depth, and in others it reaches the tops of the loftiest cocoa nut trees. Its ravages extend over the whole of the beautiful province of Cumarines, where scarcely a tree has been left standing or uninjured. The opening of the mountain, which forms the crater of the volcano, has extended itself 20 fathoms below the level, and whilst on the southern aspect of the mountain three new apertures have been opened, out of which smoke and ashes still continue to be occasionally thrown. The population of the province was calculated at 20,000 souls; and all who have survived the eruption have been ruined or deprived of every thing they possessed.

INSURRECTION IN CHINA.

From the Bombay Courier, July 22.

A letter from the viceroy of Pekin, 12 days after the attack on the palace, to the viceroy of Canton, states that the chief town of the district Hwa, in the province of Honan, was destroyed by the insurgents, and the officers of government put to death; that the whole district of Ganyan was in the possession of the insurgents; that on hearing of the imperial troops advancing to attack them, they burned the chief town of Canyal, in the province of Pechele, and fled; that they had taken the chief town of Tingtou district, in the province of Shantung.

It is said that the imperial army had, in some districts thro' which they passed put men, women, and children, to the sword. The rebels in a place where the famine was very severe, being incensed against a very corpulent Mandarin, killed and eat him.

The Chinese are credulous in the extreme, especially about the interference of invisible beings and departed spirits in their affairs. It is reported, and generally believed, that as the imperial army drew near to the rebels to battle, there was lightning, and the appearance of a man in the clouds, with a red fiery angry countenance; and that the leader of the rebels was struck dead. This imaginary being was, it is said, a man who, in his life, was very eminent for his virtues, and was expected to appear for the deliverance of his country in some season of distress. The imperial army gained a great victory, for the others are said to have been dreadfully alarmed by this appearance.

The leader of the rebels in Shautung, whose name is Lin, affirms himself to be Dewpeunte, a man famous for goodness and valor, who lived about 1000 years ago. He founds this assertion on the commonly received opinion of the metempsychosis.

There are many and various opinions about the causes of the present disturbance in China. Some think it is the consequence of the appearance of a comet, which was seen upwards of two years ago. Others say, and the Emperor's letter seems to confirm it, that it rose from the disaffection of one of his own brothers. Three of his brothers were said to be engaged with the rebels.

Several attempts were made to take the life of his majesty; one by endeavoring to convert his pipe into a rocket; but happening to be reading an official paper when the pipe was brought to him, and holding it carelessly in his hand, it went off close by his ear, without hurting him; he then rose and struck the page that brought it so that he soon died.

One of the eununchs of the palace brought a cup of ginseng which he had prepared for his majesty, but his majesty felt an aversion to it at the time, and gave it as a mark of his regard, to a favorite page, who drank it and died in the course of the evening.

The Emperor's disaffected brothers, together with the eunuchs are thought to have been at the bottom of both these plans. Eighteen eunuchs were put to death during the attack on the palace, several of the ladies put an end to their lives.

The emperor had been out hunting at his summer house in Tartary, and was expected to return the night the principal attack was made on the palace, but was unavoidably detained several days longer, and thus escaped the snare that was laid for his life. The Chinese who are loyal say that these escapes are by Teen-ming-le (by the decree of heaven.)

There are other persons who think the oppressive government of the Mandarins, together with the famine, are the more immediate causes of the rebellion; and it is highly probable that these too, are at the bottom of it; for however good the laws of China may appear in a book, it is well known that at present they have a very different appearance in the hands of most of the Mandarins; and a season of scarcity, when the people cannot pay the public duties, is often embraced by them to give vent to their murmurings.

In several provinces of China the famine was very severely felt during 1813, and it is feared would be more so in the present year. The yellow river which rises in the mountains of Tibet, and falls into the sea near to Nankin, had broken down its banks and destroyed the rice fields in several provinces.

At Canton, in Feb. there was a subscription set on foot by order of the Emperor, professedly for the relief of those provinces.

It was not ascertained to what extent the rebellion was likely to be carried. It appears to have been the most serious of any during the two last centuries. It was however supposed that the imperial army would finally prevail.

The rebels had taken themselves to the mountains of Techang, which are about 400 miles in circumference; and unless the imperial army can cut off their provisions they may hold out a long time, as numbers of disaffected persons will join them.

WASHINGTON CITY, *March* 3.

WAR WITH ALGIERS.

The House of Representatives having yesterday removed the injunction of secrecy from the proceedings which have taken place in conclave, it appears that a bill, of which the following is a copy, has passed both Houses of Congress, and now awaits the signature of the President, which it will doubtless receive.

AN ACT

For the protection of the Commerce of the United States against the Algerine Cruizers.

WHEREAS, the Dey of Algiers on the coast of Barbary, has commenced a predatory warfare against the United States,

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be lawful fully to equip, officer, man and employ such of the armed vessels of the United States as may be judged requisite by the President of the U. States for protecting effectually the commerce and seamen thereof on the Atlantic Ocean, the Mediterranean and adjoining seas.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be lawful for the President of the United States to instruct the commanders of the respective public vessels aforesaid, to subdue, seize, and make prize of all vessels, goods and effects of or belonging to the Dey of Algiers, or to his subjects, and to bring or send the same into port, to be proceeded against and distributed according to law; and, also, to cause to be done all such other acts of precaution or hostility, as the state of war will justify, and may in his opinion require.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That on the application of the owners of private armed vessels of the U. States the President may grant them special commissions in the form which he shall direct under the seal of the United States; and such private armed vessels, when so commissioned, shall have the like authority for subduing, seizing, taking and bringing into port any Algerine vessel, goods or effects, as the beforementioned public armed vessels may by law have; and shall therein be subject to the instructions which may be given by the President of the United States for the regulation of their conduct; and their commissions shall be revocable at pleasure. *Provided*, That before any commission shall be granted as aforesaid, the owner or owners of the vessel for which the same may be requested, and the commander thereof for the time being shall give bond to the United States, with at least two responsible sureties, not interested in such vessels, in the penal sum of fourteen thousand dollars, with condition for observing the treaties and laws of the United States and the instructions which may be given as aforesaid, and also for satisfying all damages and injuries which shall be done contrary to the tenor thereof, by such commissioned vessel, and for delivering up the commission when revoked by the President of the United States.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That any Algerine vessel, goods or effects which may be so captured and brought into port, by any private armed vessel of the United States, duly commissioned as aforesaid, may be adjudged good prize, and thereupon shall accrue to the owners, and officers, and men of the capturing vessel, and shall be distributed according to the agreement which shall have been made between them, or, in failure of such agreement, according to the discretion of the court having cognizance of the capture.

PHILADELPHIA, *March* 8.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

We have been favored by Mr. G. M Cummings, passenger in the Lydia, from Lisbon, with a file of the "London Courier," to the 5th Jan. from which we subjoin the following extracts:

Hamburgh, Dec. 23.

[PRIVATE LETTER.]

The accounts from Vienna to the 6th inst. which have been brought here by a courier, are by no means consoling to the friends of humanity. Discord increased daily. Lord CASTLEREAGH has protested, in an energetic note, against the cession of Saxony to Prussia. Prince METTERNICH, has also delivered in a long note fraught with reasoning and detail, in which it is proved that Saxony shoul be preserved. Russia and Prussia oppose the views of the other Powers both with regard to Saxony and Poland; so that we feel very anxious to know how the Congress of Vienna will terminate.

HAMBURGH PAPERS TO THE 24TH.

Extract of a letter from Vienna, December 15.

"In the discussions with regard to Saxony, we hear that a counter declaration will shortly be made by Russia and Prussia.

"There is talk here of a new organization of the Saxon Landwer by Prussia, who generally speaking, means to make no changes in the administration of Saxony, but merely to regulate the system of home defence on a more equable and easy footing. It has been remarked that the young Saxon volunteers, who joined the Prussian colours in such numbers during the late war, generally prefer remaining in the Prussian service, and that very few of them return to civil pursuits.

"The king of Wurtemberg has delivered in an energetic protest against the project of giving the fortress of Mentz to Bavaria. Similar protests are expected from other German houses."

Extract of another letter from Vienna, same date.

"It is understood that Austria has offered, in the event of the Vistula being declared the boundary of the Russian Empire in Poland, to give up to Prussia the Polish provinces of Cracow and Sandomir, lying on the left bank of Vistula, and formerly belonging to western Gallicia.

LONDON, DEC. 31.

Some private letters from Vienna, by the way of Hamburgh assert that insuperable differences of opinion exist among the powers assembled at Vienna. But the public will do well to receive these accounts with great caution and doubt. Nothing official has yet transpired; nothing certain is yet known.—We do not believe that the differences and difficulties are of such a nature as to justify a belief that the termination will be unfavourable, or that the deliberations of the Congress will last beyond the end of January.

We have been more anxious than usual to examine the provincial papers in order that we might ascertain the effect produced by the peace with America. Wherever it had been made known, it has produced great satisfaction, not merely because peace has been made upon such terms. The manner of its reception in Ireland and Scotland, cannot, of course, be yet known. At Birmingham, an immense assemblage witnessed the arrival of the mail, and immediately took the horses out and drew the mail to the post office, with the loudest acclamations.

On the news arriving at Manchester, the greatest joy was expressed throughout the town.

The same feeling was exhibited at Liverpool, Bristol, and all other places from whence accounts have been bro't either by the provincial papers or by private letters.

Jan. 4.—The Peace with America was announced at both Theatres last night. At Drury-lane, by Mr. Barnard: at first he was not listened to, until he produced and read the fourth edition of the Courier. Loud applause followed, and "God save the King" was called for, which however was not sung until after the conclusion of the Pantomime. At Covent Garden, Mr. Grimald read to the audience the fourth edition of the Courier.

We resume our extracts from the French papers that arrived yesterday.—Both the legislative chambers have been prorogued to the first of May. With the proceedings of the chamber of peers we are not acquainted in detail, because their debates are not public, but the general result of them does the chamber much credit. With the other chamber we are more intimate; and we must say that it has improved upon us daily: at first indeed its discussions were not entitled to much respect: the debates upon the liberty of the press betrayed an extraordinary ignorance of the subject; but the deputies got strength as they proceeded *vires eundo*. Before the arrogation, the president drew a sketch of the labours of the session in a very appropriate speech. When we recollect the events that have crowded upon us during the last year; when we turn to the history of 1813, and find that on the 30th of December (the day on which the French legislature has been prorogued) Bonaparte was in full possession of his power, was at Paris, superintending the levy of 300,000 more men, and about to open negociations for peace with the allies; that lord Castlereagh embarked on that day for the Continent to conduct the negociation on the part of England; when we contemplate what has happened in the interval between the 30th December, 1813, and the 30th December, 1814—Bonaparte destroyed and dethroned—the edifice of his power and his institutions gone—the Bourbons restored, and the whole world at peace—what a change!

GHENT, *Dec.* 29.—The day before yesterday the constituted authorities of this city paid a visit in a body to the English and American legations, to congratulate them on the cessation of the differences between the two nations, by the conclusion of an advantageous peace. The American ministers gave yesterday evening a diplomatic supper in their hotel; the greatest cordiality prevailed at it between them and the English ministers, who, in a few days, will give in their turn an entertainment to the American legation. The departure of the ministers of the two nations will take place shortly.

The London Courier of the 30th Dec. says, there are some who seem to expect that Mr. Madison will refuse to ratify the treaty signed by his commissioners.—They remind us of the conduct of the former president, Mr. Jefferson, who refused his ratification to a treaty signed on the 31st December, 1806, between lord Holland and lord Auckland and Messrs. Pinkney and Monroe.

A Liverpool paper says—"The fall which has taken place in the value of American produce during the present week, is less considerable than had been expected, on account of the small stock of the chief American staples which now remain in the market. The effects of the American pacification have been very promptly felt in this port: a vessel is already announced to sail, for one of the ports in the United States."

CHARLESTON, *Feb.* 24.

THE FLORIDAS.

Extract of a letter from Amelia, dated, February 13.

"A schr. has just arrived from Havanna, the capt. of which states that a frigate arrived there the 29th Jan. from England, bringing intelligence that the *Spanish government had ceded the provinces of East and West Florida to G. Britain*, and instructions to the Gov. of Havanna to make the transfer; but that the Gov. refused to give them up, as he observed, because the King had not a right to dispose of any colonies unless sanctioned by the Cortes. Letters by the schr. confirm the above."

NEW-YORK, *March* 4.

The schooner Transit, in 32 days from Bordeaux, with Mr. Hughes secretary of legation to the commissioners at Ghent, arrived at New-London on the evening of the 1st inst.

ANNAPOLIS, *March* 2,

BROWNSVILLE BLUES.

On Saturday last a full and uniformed company of Pennsylvania volunteers, stationed in this city, composed of respectable young men from the neighbourhood of Brownsville, and commanded by captain Giesey, were honorably discharged from service. Their behaviour and deportment whilst in this city, were in every respect such as best become the citizen and soldier, and have left an impression on the minds of the citizens of this place, highly creditable to their characters, and gratifying to their friends and acquaintances. We have thought it due to capt. G. and his men, thus publicly to testify, on behalf of the citizens, the high sense which they entertain of their unexceptionable and honorable deportment of men, who disregarding the sacrifice of their individual interests, gallantly stepped forward in defence of their country in the hour of impending danger; and yet, still more to their honour be it said, instead of indulging in the unlimited license of the soldier, were never forgetful of the rights of the citizen.

Maryland Gaz.

RHODE ISLAND.

Extract from the message of Governor JONES, *to the legislature of R. Island, at the opening of their present session.*

"It is with the utmost satisfaction that I congratulate you on the event so ardently desired—THE RETUTN OF PEACE TO OUR BELOVED COUNTRY. On this joyful occasion, all the jarring elements of discord and party division seem to be composed, and the people look forward to a renewal of those days of tranquility and enjoyment which the late unhappy war had so grievously interrupted. On such an event our thanks are first of all due to the supreme Ruler of the Universe, who, in his mercy has inclined the hearts of the rulers of the earth to calm those unruly passions from whence wars proceed, and to promote by pacification, as we hope, honorable and equal, the true interest of the respective nations; and I would take the liberty of suggesting to the general assembly the propriety at this time of a public and devout Thanksgiving to Almighty God, for all His kind Providences towards this nation, during the war, and for his special goodness in bringing this calamity to an end."

FILIAL PIETY REWARDED

WHEN AUGUSTUS was at Samos, after the famous battle of Actium, which made him master of the world, he held a council to examine the prisoners which had been engaged in Antony's party. Among the rest there was brought before him an old man named Metellus, oppressed with years and infirmities, disfigured with a long beard, and a neglected head of hair, but especially his clothes, which by his ill fortune were become very ragged.—The son of this Metellus was one of the judges, and he had great difficulty of knowing his father in the deplorable condition in which he saw him. At last however, having recollected his features instead of being ashamed to own him, he ran to embrace him, weeping bitterly. Afterwards turning towards the tribunal, "Cæsar," says he, "*my father has been* your enemy, and I your officer: he deserves to be punished, and I to be rewarded. The favor I desire of you is either to save him on my account, or order me to be put to death with him." All the judges were touched to compassion at this affecting scene; Octavius himself relented, and granted to old Metellus his life and liberty.

ON INDUSTRY.

The absurd indulgence with which parents anticipate every wish of their children often paves the way for their destruction, and entirely unfits them for returning that affectionate care which is due to the authors of their being. How many instances do we see of the evil effects of such misplaced confidence. By supplying children with all the superfluities of life, we weaken the springs of exertion, and induce a habit of indolence fatal to future improvement; for why should they exert themselves to procure that which is ready at their call? Virtuous habits of industry are nearly the same; and since these only are productive of happiness, it is of the utmost importance to teach the youthful mind enjoyment and self-satisfaction must be purchased by labor. Happy is the man who in early life, has been taught by experience the blessed effects of honest industry, and the inestimable value of time. Multiply time by industry and what is the result? Peace of mind; the innocent enjoyment of life, and every thing that can exalt human nature.

By industry, I must not be understood to mean the incessant drudging pursuit after sordid gain; I have likewise reference to mental industry; the improvement of that intellectual part of our existence which elevates our view above this narrow scene of things, and teaches us to soar to heaven.

FORTITUDE.

When the executioner went behind JEROME of Prague, (a celebrated martyr in the cause of christianity) to set fire to the pile, "come here," he cried, "put kindle it before my eyes: for if I had dreaded such a sight, I should never have come to this place, when I had a free opportunity to escape." The fire was kindled, and he commenced a hymn which was soon ended, by the flames bearing his spirit on steeds of fire to glory in the skies.

FOR SALE,

THE UNEXPIRED TIME OF A

Negro Boy.

Apply at this Office. March 10, 1814

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1815.

The Legislature of this State adjourned on the 13th instant.

A general order has been issued from the War Department, reducing the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians, privates, &c. of the army, to the same rate per month as before the war.

Governor Early, of Georgia, has been shot through the neck, in his own house, by a Col. Clarke. The Governor's life is despaired of. The dispute arose upon a veto which the Governor had put to a law.

William H Crawford, of Georgia, (late Minister to France) is appointed by the President, with the consent of the Senate, to be Secretary of War, vice James Monroe, resigned.

It is stated that the President had first nominated Gen. Dearborn as Secretary of War, but the nomination was rejected by the Senate.]

From Kaskaskia, Illinois Territory, February 18.

Information which it is supposed may be implicitly relied on, has been received indicative of the hostile intention of the Mississippi Indians; of their threatening various parts of our frontier by an early movement in the spring; of their determination to make all the neighboring Indians join them; of their having already commenced hostilities on the Missouri, by having a few days past, killed three men, cut off their heads, ripped out their hearts, and otherwise mangled their bodies in the most shocking manner; of their having also taken a prisoner; and of their having twelve different war parties now out watching opportunities to murder our citizens, and depredate their property.

Under these circumstances we are happy to find that the enterprising and vigilant officer who commands on our frontier is putting the force under his command in the most active operation, and using all the efforts in his power to give protection to the country.

The trial of General Wilkinson has commenced at last, and proceeds rapidly. Brig. Gen. Swartwout and Colonel King have been examined for the prosecution, and Brig. Gen. Boyd is under examination.

From appearances the trial will be a most interesting one, though no fact charged has been sustained against him; Gen. Swartwout and Col. King have explicitly acquitted him of intoxication, at the very periods charged in the indictment. In the cross examination of those highly respectable officers, instances of conduct in the war department, while acting about the northern frontier, have already been developed, which, when exposed, will excite great surprise.

A merry gunsmith in Greenwhich street, New-York, finding a branch of his "occupation gone," by the return of peace, wound it off by a bit of a song, by placing rows of muskets against his windows with candles in their muzzles, inclosing this distich:—

The enchantress peace performs such curious tricks,
She turns our muskets into candlesticks.

The cartel St. Philip, arrived at Norfolk from England, informs, that the U. States sloop of war Syren was captured off the Cape of Good Hope by the British ship of war Malwoy, of 74 guns. The Lion arrived at New-Castle, from Lisbon, confirms the account of her capture.

USEFUL MEMORANDUM.

[Precious Extracts from Official Papers, clearly shewing, on a graduated scale, the different value of Sailor's rights at different times.]

"On the issue of the war are staked our national sovereignty on the high seas, and security of an important class of citizens whose occupations give the proper value to those of every other class. Not to contend for such a stake, is to surrender our equality with other powers, on the element common to all: and to violate the sacred title which every member of society has to its protection."

Mr. Madison's second Inaugural Speech, March 4, 1813.

"The orders in council, compared with the subject of impressment, were generally considered of minor importance."

Extract of a letter, dated Nov. 16, 1812, from Mr. Russell, American Minister to the British Court to Mr. Secretary Monroe.

"I have to repeat, that the great object which you have to secure, in regard to impressment, is, *that our flag shall protect the crew.*"

Instructions of Mr. Monroe to the American Commissioners in Russia, April 15, 1813.

"This degrading practice (meaning impressment) *must cease—our flag must protect the crew, or the United States cannot consider themselves an independent nation.*"

Instructions of Mr. Secretary Monroe to the American Commissioners at Gottenburgh, Jan. 28, 1814.

"You may concur in an article, stipulating that the subject of impressment, together with that of commerce between the two countries, be referred to a separate negociation," &c.

Mr. Monroe to the American Commissioners, June 25, 1814.

"On mature consideration it has been decided, that under all the circumstances above alluded to, incident to a prosecution of the war, *you may omit any stipulation on the subject of impressment, if found indispensibly necessary.*"

Mr. Monroe to the said Commissioners, June 27, 1814.

Upon the foregoing extracts, the reader is left to make his own reflections; with this caution, however, that if he be a Madison democrat, he is advised never hereafter to move his tongue or pen, on the subject of *sailor's rights*—for mercy sake, let him forbear, if he would spare *his* President from the most biting and cruel of all sarcasms.

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and customers, that he has removed his Store to the house formerly occupied by Mr. JOSEPH M'CLURG, in the north west corner of the Diamond, and that he has taken Mr. WILLIAM RONCKENDORFF into partnership, therefore, the business will in future be conducted in the name of

Isaac Harris & Co.

Who have on hand, and intend constantly to keep, a general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE.

DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, LIQUORS, &c. &c.

All of which will be Sold on the most reasonable terms.

ISAAC HARRIS & Co.

Pittsburgh, March 11, 1815.

N. B Those indebted to *Isaac Harris*, are requested to make immediate payment.

FOR SALE,

OR RENT ON PERPETUAL LEASE,

SIXTEEN LOTS OF GROUND,

SITUATE on the Allegheny river, in the Borough of Pittsburgh——Also, THREE LOTS, on Fourth street and Redoubt alley.—A plan of the Lots may be seen on application to the subscriber.

THOMAS WALLACE.

Pittsburgh, March 17, 1815

FOR SALE,

Part of Lot No. 51,

SITUATE on the South side of the Monongahela river, opposite Pittsburgh, being 51 feet in front, and extending back a considerable distance up the Coal Hill. It adjoins the Glass Works of Trevor & Encell, and as the Lot runs into the Monongahela renders it more valuable. On the Lot is erected a FRAME HOUSE 21 by 19 feet, together with a back building, and an excellent Spring within 20 feet of the dwelling house.

For further particulars and terms apply to Mr. JOHN DARRAGH, Pittsburgh; or the subscriber on the premises.

MARGARET CALHOON.

March 17, 1815. tfcJC

$20 Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the morning of the 13th inst. a NEGRO MAN named THOMAS. He is near 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high—about 35 years old—rather slim made—has a scar occasioned by a burn on the back of one of his wrists—something of tawny complexion. His clothing as near as can be recollected were as follows:—black wool Hat—drab coloured cloth Coat, much worn—an olive coloured corded pair of pantaloons—and a pair of laced shoes, which came up high on the ancle.

A reward of TWENTY DOLLARS will be given any person who secures the above Negro so that I may get him again.

JOSEPH CARTER.

March 18, 1815. 3w*

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the night of the 4th inst. a Mulatto Boy about 20 years of age, named ELIJAH, middling tall and slim made, and of rather a fairer complexion than Mulattoes generally are; his clothing when he went off, consisted of a dark coloured cloth coat, light coloured jacket, and black lincey trowsers; he can play a little on the violin, and it is thought he took one with him. Any person taking up said runaway fifty miles from home, and delivering him to his master in Westmoreland county, ten miles west of Greensburgh, or lodging him in any jail so that his master may get him again, shall have the above reward and all reasonable expences, and if taken nearer than fifty miles, and delivered or lodged in jail as aforesaid, *Thirty Dollars* and reasonable expences will be paid.

WILLIAM LARIMER.

March 14, 1814. tf

Property for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for Sale his property in the Town of Steubenville, viz:—A corner Lot opposite Mr Hartford's Tavern, and fronting the Public Square, on which is erected a frame building 20 by 34 feet, neatly finished; this is considered one of the best stands in Steubenville, and has until lately been occupied as a Store. A corner Lot on Market Street, on which is erected a two story brick building, 20 by 44 feet and a back building 18 by 34 feet, with other necessary out-buildings, all neatly finished and in good repair—this property is well situated for public business, a part of which is now occupied as a Store. An Out-Lot, partly adjoining the last mentioned property, containing two and one-quarter acres of excellent meadow; this Out-Lot may be laid off into building lots to great advantage. A part of the purchase money will be required in hand, and a liberal credit given for the balance. For further particulars apply to the subscriber in Steubenville.

JOHN WARD.

February 25, 1815. 6t

JOSEPH DAVIS & CO.

Respectfully inform their Friends and the Public, that they have received and ready for delivery, the

AMERICAN STANDARD,

Of Orthography and Pronunciation,

AND IMPROVED

DICTIONARY

OF THE

ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

CONTAINING, all the words in general use, with their significations accurately explained, and the sound of each syllable clearly expressed: among which will be found several hundred terms, that have been hitherto omitted by the best lexicographers: Also, a variety of the technical terms of Medicine, Law, Commerce, Arts, and general Science, interspersed with critical and philological observations. Compiled under the direction of sundry literary characters and institutions, in the United States of America.

March 1, 1815.

NORTHERN FURS.

GILLAND & CO.

HAVE just received from Detroit

3000 prime Muskrat SKINS,

400 Do. RACCOON do.

Which they will sell low for CASH, or negotiable paper.

March 4, 1815

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION where I reside, in view of the Woolen Manufactory of Clarkesville, containing 400 acres of excellent Land, 100 acres of which first rate quality of creek bottom, all cleared and part in timothy meadow; several tenements, two bearing orchards of pippins, vandevers, &c. a new large two story stone dwelling house finished to the roof in the newest and neatest manner, a large dairy, merchant grist and saw mills, a large frame barn and other outbuildings; also, a large stone distillery, two stories high, 40 by 47 feet, works three stills and a boiler; tubs and boiler, aloft fixtures, stoves, &c. complete. Fish plenty in season. Whiskey made here is esteemed superior—I will give my skill to the purchaser. This property, in the first estimation, at once invites the man of business and of taste. The whole, as in part described, together with the title, may be examined, by calling on the proprietor. Terms—part cash and part property, when it may suit me.

SAMUEL CLARKE.

Washington county, eleven miles above Brownsville Feb. 27, 1815.

N. B. An inexhaustible mine of Pit Coal, free from sulphur, may be had with the above.

GRAIN.

ONE DOLLAR TWENTY FIVE CENTS, AND ONE DOLLAR [illegible]RTY ONE CENTS, per Bushel for W[illegible]T ——SIXTY SEVEN AND AN HA[illegible] CENTS, for RYE.——And SIXTY SE[illegible]EN AND AN HALF CENTS, for CORN.

Given at the

Pittsburgh Steam Mill.

March 9, 1815.

FOR RE[illegible],

And possession given the first of April next,

TWO handsome Brick HOUSES, with a good Lot to each, on which are a few choice Apple trees, in a pleasant and healthy situation.

Also, Two Brick Yards, to be Rented. For terms apply to ANDREW WATSON, Grant's Hill.

Feb. 27, 1815.

PEACE PRICES!

The subscriber has just received a fresh supply of

SHOES,

which he offers at Cost. He invites Merchants in Town or Country, who are in want of good and cheap Shoes, to call at the corner of Third and Market Streets, where they can be suited as to quality and quantity.

ROSSETER PARMELE.

Pittsburgh, March 3, 1815.

NEW CLOTHING STORE.

D. A. NORTHROP,

TAYLOR,

AT the corner of Market and Water Streets, has on hand a general assortment of ready made CLOTHING, suitable for the present and approaching season; which he will sell as cheap as can be purchased in the place.

GARMENTS of every description made on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

Pittsburgh, March 8—tfq

SIX CENTS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 9th instant, an Apprentice boy named MARK O'BRION, about 5 feet 8 inches high, stout made, brown hair, had on a drab coloured Coatee and pantaloons, a fur Hat, is fond of strong liquor.

Whoever takes up and secures said runaway shall have the above reward but no charges. All persons are forwarned from harboring him at their peril, as I am determined to prosecute such offenders.

WILLIAM GRAHAM, *Innkeeper.*

Pittsburgh, Feb. 20, 1815.

FOR SALE,

THE UNEXPIRED TIME OF AN INDENTED

BLACK GIRL.

SHE is fourteen years of age, and has to serve till twenty-eight—is large for her age, strong and healthy and a good Cook. For particulars apply to

JOHN L. GLASER, *near Harmony,*

Or at the Warehouse of

SUTTON & M'NICKLE, *Pittsburgh.*

Feb. 20, 1815. 3wq

NEW GOODS.

HAVING on hand a handsome assortment of GOODS suitable for the Spring Season, together with a good supply of GROCERIES, all of which I will sell at

PEACE PRICES.

TO RENT

And possession given the first of April, Two BRICK HOUSES, situate in Diamond Alley, an excellent situation for Merchandizing.

GEORGE WATSON.

Pittsburgh, Diamond Alley,

March 11, 1815. 6t

TO POTTERS.

The subscriber offers for sale or rent his

POTTERY

IN BIRMINGHAM—Near PITTSBURGH.

IT is conveniently situated, having CLAY of a superior quality within a few rods of the shop. The kiln is well and substantially built, of brick, bound with iron, with a large and commodious kiln house. The shop contains 1 throwing Wheel, 1 turning Lathe, 2 turning Wheels, and a variety of other tools, calculated for the manufacture of common Ware, or such as is now made in Philadelphia. For terms apply to

EDWARD B. ROCHE.

March 8—tfq

Farmers and Millers,

ARE hereby informed that the subscribers have established at the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, a COMMISSION STORE, intended for general business, but particularly for the PURCHASE AND SALE of FLOUR AND GRAIN. The superior advantages which this establishment gives in the Flour and Grain trade must be evident. In order that the farmer may avail himself of the proper season, and good opportunities to bring in wheat, the mill is offered as a Store-House free of charge for 3 months after delivery. It will then be in his power to order it to be ground and sold as it may suit and not be subject to the losses generally sustained by grinding out in the fall and spring.

Busines will be transacted on such terms as to interest the Public.

GEO EVANS & CO.

Pittsburgh Steam Mill, *March 7, 1815.*

N-B. WHEAT, RYE, and CORN, purchased as usual.

☞*The Editors of the "SPECTATOR," Union Town, and "REPORTER," Washington, (Pa.) the "HERALD," Steubenville, (O.) and "GAZETTE," Charleston, (Va.) are requested to give the above 3 insertions and send their bills to* G. E. & Co.

NEW ALBANY.

THE TOWN OF NEW ALBANY,

WAS laid out on the Bank of the Ohio River, about 2 miles below the Falls, in the Indiana territory, at the nearest and best crossing place from the Missouri and Vincennes to Louisville and Lexington, a year ago last summer, and a part of its advantages in point of trade, navigation, ship-building, &c. were then advertised; Lots were sold on the 1st Tuesday and Wednesday in the November following. $ 5000 were appropriated to the use of Schools in town, for the benefit of its inhabitants forever. A school is now established, and 5 in-lots added to the first appropriation; likewise 15 in-lots, the use of which to be forever applied to the aid of Presbyterian Preachers in the town, which shall have settled ministers. There are now 68 buildings and a post office in the town.

For the further promotion of its speedy growth, the following property will be sold on the premises BY AUCTION, to wit:—ONE HUNDRED & FIFTY IN-LOTS—FORTY OUT LOTS, and FIFTEEN FARMS, which Farms contain from 52 to 131 acres each, all lying within 2 1-2 miles of the public square. The terms are one half at the time of sale, and the other half in 2 equal annual payments. The purchasers of in-lots, to build a stone, brick, frame or hewed log house, equal to 13 feet square, with a brick or stone chimney, within 2 years after the purchase. The Farms to have 6 acres cleared, fenced and in grass, together with a dwelling house within 2 years. The out-lots to be cleared and fenced within the same time; a number of the farms are already considerably improved, and several of the out lots cleared. There is a Saw Mill in the town nearly finished, the owners of which will obligate themselves to saw for the purchasers until the end of 2 years for one half of the lumber, provided the logs are delivered prepared for sawing at the mill from the land now offered for sale which is exceedingly well timbered. There is also a Grist mill in the town, which will grind for the neighborhood.

The sale will commence at 11 *o'clock on Tuesday the 11th day of April next.* Merchants, Manufacturers, Mechanics and Laborers will readily perceive the advantages which here present themselves.

J. N. & A. SCRIBNER.

N. B. A person who will come well recommended to take the charge of Cotton Carding and Spinning Machines will meet with encouragement It is presumed that a Printer would do well, as the back country is extensive and rapidly settling.

New Albany, Feb. 27, 1815.

ARMY BLANKS,

Printed in the neatest manner, and on the shortest notice at this office.

The Harmony Society,

OFFERS FOR SALE,

About 500 Sheep,

of all sorts, and about

100 Milch Cows.

Apply to FREDERICK RAPP.

March 10, 1815.

TO BE RENTED,

FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

A TANYARD, with every thing necessary to carry on the business, seven miles east of Pittsburgh, on the Turnpike Road to Greensburgh—some Lots may be had with the Yard. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber on the premises.

SAMUEL M'CREA.

March 10, 1815. tf

Valuable Property

AT AUCTION.

On the 11th day of APRIL next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Auction Store, corner of Front and Market Streets, will be Sold the following valuable Property, to wit:

No. 1. ONE Lot on Grant's Hill, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, marked in the plan of lots laid out by John Hoge, No. 33, being 30 feet in front on High street, and 145 feet in depth.

2. One lot adjoining the above of the same dimensions, being No. 34.

3. One lot 15 feet in front on High street, and 145 feet in depth, being one half of lot No. 45, in said plan.

4. One lot 45 feet in front and 145 feet in depth, being lot No. 46, and one half of lot No. 45, in said plan on which is erected a frame dwelling house subject to a yearly ground rent of 28 & 1-8th dolls.

5. One lot 22 feet front and 145 deep, being part of lots Nos. 49 and 50

6. One lot adjoining the above 20 feet front and 55 feet in depth, on which is erected a substantial and well finished two story dwelling house 20 feet by 30, nearly new, with a 2 story kitchen, &c. with the privilege of a 6 feet alley running into Coal street.

7 A lot 40 feet in front and 50 feet in depth to the aforesaid 6 feet alley with the use thereof, with a good dwelling house similar to the above.

8. A lot with the buildings thereon erected formerly occupied by the subscriber as a Tilt Hammer and Smith shop, with the contents thereof, as they now stand, the lots being 84 feet front on Coal street, and 149 feet in depth with the privilege of said 6 feet alley.

2 One lot at the corner of High and Coal streets, being 89 feet on High, and 56 feet on Coal street, with the privilege of the alley.

A plan of the Lots may be seen, and the terms of Sale made known by application to MAGNUS M. MURRAY, Esq. or to

DENNIS S. SCULLY, *Aucti'r.*

COVINGTON,

A New Town,

IS laid out at the mouth of Licking River, on the Farm lately owned by Mr. Thomas Kennedy. This beautiful and commanding situation at the confluence of the Ohio and Licking Rivers, in Campbell county, Kentucky, opposite the flourishing town of Cincinnati, presents a prospect equal, if not superior, to any on the Ohio River The main road from Lexington, Kentucky, to Cincinnati, Dayton and the northern and western parts of the state of Ohio passes through it. The situation is healthy and possesses many advantages superior to any in the Western Country: Its convenience to a good Market, a Steam Mill and a variety of Factories, the facility with which all kinds of building materials can be procured, with many other concomitant advantages, hold forth great inducements for the enterprising Merchant, Mechanic, Mannfacturer, and Man of business of every description.

This TOWN is laid out upon the most eligible plan for the occupant, as every Lot has the advantage of a street or alley leading to the Centre or Public Square for places of Worship, Academies, &c. and a Market Space of 100 feet wide by 500 feet long. A suitable number of Out-Lots will be laid out convenient to the Town The Lots will be offered at Public Sale on the *twentieth of March next,* at the place aforesaid, upon the following terms—One-fourth in hand, or a negociable note with an approved endorser at 60 days—one-fourth in six months—one-fourth in twelve months, and one-fourth in eighteen months, in bonds with approved security, to bear interest from the date if not punctually paid—or one-third in hand—one-third in 12 months, and one-third in 24 months, with interest, if not punctually paid. A discount of 8 per cent. will be made for payment of the whole sum at the time of sale.

This Town has been established by an act of the Legislature of Kentucky, and titles will be made by the Trustees upon the purchaser presenting a receipt for the purchase money, or the order of the proprietors. A plan may be seen at JOHN S. GANO's, *Cincinnati;* R. M. GANO's, *Georgetown;* THOMAS D. CARNEAL, at Capt. Postlethwait's, *Lexington;* or BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELL, *Pittsburgh.*

R. M GANO,
TH. D. CARNEAL,
JOHN S. GANO,
} *Proprietors.*

February 24, 1815.

Forty Dollars Reward.

STOLEN out of the stable of the subscriber, living in St. Clair township, Allegheny county, about 9 miles from Pittsburgh, on the night of the 20th inst. a grey HORSE, about 8 or 9 years old, upwards of 15 hands high, a natural pacer, a little lame in the right hind leg, occasioned by the spavin; also, stolen at same time, a grey MARE, about 8 or 9 years old, between 15 and 16 hands high, a natural trotter, is well made, and carries well; they were both shod only before. The above reward and reasonable charges will be paid to any person who will secure and deliver said Horse and Mare to the subscriber, or Twenty Dollars for either.

CASPER MATE.

February 21, 1815.

GENUINE FAMILY MEDICIES.

BOSLER & Co.

Front Street, between Market & Wood Streets, PITTSBURGH,

HAVE just received from *Lee's Patent and Family Medicine Store*, New York, a fresh supply of the following

GENUINE MEDICINES.

For the prevention and cure of Bilious and Malignant Fevers is recommended

HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.

The operation of these Pills is very mild, so as to be used by persons in all situations, and of every age.

They are well adapted to carry off superfluous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions, to restore the appetite, to produce a free perspiration, and thus prevent Colds, which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a Cold, if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness, sickness at the stomach, and severe head-ache, and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured for use by every seaman.

HAMILTON'S

WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES,

Which have, within years past, cured an immense number of persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from Worms, and from obstructions or foulness in the stomach and bowels.

This Medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of similar title, so commonly complained of as operating with violence; on the contrary, a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age & constitution. It contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or an infant of a week old, should no worms exist in the body; but will, without pain, cleanse the stomach and bowels, of whatever is foul, and and thereby prevent the production of worms, and many fatal disorders. The Lozenges are efficacious in taking off all gross humors and eruptions, feverish complaints, and the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on any occasian.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will prevent "the vomiting and purging of children"—a disorder which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our citizens. It is also the mildest and most certain remedy known, and has restored to health and strength a vast number when in advanced stage of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness; having a pleasing appearance and a mild taste.

HAMILTON'S ESSENCE & EXTRACT OF MURTARD,

A safe & effectual remedy for rheumatisms, gout, palsey, sprains and bruises, white swellings, old strains and relaxations, numbers and weakness of the neck, pains of the side, head ache, sweiled faces, frozen limbs and every similar complaint. It prevents chilblains or chopped hands, and the ill effects of getting the feet wet.

THE DAMASK LIP SALVE.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER FOR THE TEETH AND GUMS.

This excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all the acrimonious slime and the foulness, which if suffered to accumulate never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

HAMILTON'S

GRAND RESTORATIVE

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints resulting from dissipated pleasures, juvenile indiscretions, residence in climates unfavorable to the constitution the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication and destructive intemperance, the unskilful or excessive use of mercury, the diseases peculiar to females at a certain period of life, bad lyings in, &c.

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR,

Celebrated for the cure of colds, obstinate coughs, asthmas, and approaching consumptions, and a certain remedy for the whooping cough.

HAHN'S GENUINE EYE WATER.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

LEE'S OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH.

Warranted an infallible remedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

LEE'S INFALLIBLE

AGUE AND FEVER DROPS.

For the cure of agues, remittent and intermittent fevers.

HAHN'S

TRUE AND GENUINE GERMAN

CORN PLAISTER.

☞ *The above Genuine Medicines, are Sold ONLY, by*

BOSLER AND Co.

Who are appointed sole agents for PITTSBURGH.

☞ At the place of Sale, Pamphlets may be had gratis, describing cures performed by the above Medicines; the number, importance and respectability of which, fully justify every article of the advertisement.

July 25, 1814. tfq

Brush Manufactory.

GEORGE BEALE,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

BRUSHMAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has commenced a branch of his business, in Wood Street, between Third and Fourth Streets, PITTSBURGH. As he intend carying on the business extensively, he will be able to supply the orders of Merchants and others, to any amount, *at the Philadelphia prices, without carriage.* From his long experience in the business, and having the best workmen employed, he can furnish

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

of a superior quality, and on such terms as will prove advantageous to purchasers. In addition to his stock of Brushes, he has on hand,

A quantity of RUSSIA BRISTLES for Sale

The highest price given for

HOGS BRISTLES AND *COLTS TAILS.*

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1814.

1yq.

TO BE LET,

ON PERPETUAL LEASE,

Nine Lots of Ground,

Fronting on Smithfield Street. For particulars apply to GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, December 20, 1314.

BOSLER & Co.

Have received and offer on reasonable terms, by WHOLESALE.

18 Tons Pig Lead
5 do. Lead Ore suitable for Potters
375 Barrels prime New-Orleans Sugar
16 Boxes white Havanna do.
55 Bales Red River Cotton
000 lbs. Logwood
900 Mexican Copper
17 Barrels Molasses
20 do. Rice
25 do. Coffee
10 do. Loaf Sugar
8 do. Pepper
4 do. Glue
2 do. Whiting
4 do. Yellow Ochre
3 do. Allum
3 do. Copperas
5 do. Alspice
5 do. Madder
1 Chest Young Hyson Tea
2 do. Hyson do.
6 Boxes Spanish Cigars
2 Barrels American do.
20 Kegs James River Tobacco
6 do. prime Kentucky do.
2 Boxes Fans
16 Dozen Silesia Handkerchiefs
550 Barrels first quality Kenhawa Salt

Pittsburgh, Dec. 20, 1814.

WESTERN EAGLE LEAD FACTORY.

TREVOR, PETTIGREW AND TROOST, having their Lead Factory now in complete operation, offer for Sale at the Drug and Chemical Warehouse of Speakman, Say & Co. and the Glass Warehouse of Trevor & Encell,

WHITE LEAD, dry and ground in Oil,

RED LEAD, and

LITHARGE, all of the very first quality, at the lowest Pittsburgh prices, and for much less than they can be purchased and brought from Philadelphia or Baltimore.

Certificates for the above articles might be readily *obtained*, but as the proprietors are satisfied, that their manufactured Leads want no other recommendation than a trial, they rest their claims to patronage on its result.—They will only add, that *their* White Lead is *warranted unadulterated* by the slightest mixture of *whiting*, and that *their* kegs will be found to hold 28lbs to the quarter hundred weight.

Every Keg is branded

TREVOR, PETTIGREW & TROOST

PITTSBURGH.

*** Orders for the above articles will be received by SPEAKMAN, SAY & Co. TREVOR & ENCELL, and the different COMMISSION MERCHANTS of the place.

Pittsburgh, January 9, 1815.

GINSENG.

THE Subscriber wishes to purchase 10,000 Pounds of Crude (or unclarified) Ginseng, for which a good price will be given. It must be of good quality, and would be preferred of this year's growth, and packed in casks of from 100 to 150lbs. each, to be delivered in any quantity from 500lbs and upwards, in Pittsburgh, between this and the middle of January next.

Letters on this subject will be instantly attended to.

ISAAC HARRIS.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 13 1814.

NEW STORE.

WAY & BLAINE,

Have just received at their Store in Market Street between Second and Third Streets,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS,

which they offer for Sale at the lowest prices.

Pittsburgh, January 9, 1815. tf

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, issued out of the court of common pleas for the county of Allegheny, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the court house, in the borough of Pittsburgh, on *Monday the 3d day of April next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

All the right, title, interest, and claim of *John Fitchmen*, of, in, and to, *one hundred and fifty acres of Land*, more or less, situate in Pitt township, Allegheny county, bounded northwardly by John Dunbar, eastwardly by land of —— Powell, southwardly by land of John M'Cullough, and westwardly by land of the heirs of Geo. Wallace, deceased, on which are erected 1 log dwelling house, grist mill, saw mill, still house, and stone barn, with about 30 acres cleared, at the suit of William Foster, and William B. Foster.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold by

WILLIAM WOODS, *Sheriff.*

March 1, 1815. 3wq

PITTSBURGH WIRE *MANUFACTORY.*

The subscriber has on hand, and offers

FOR SALE.

AT THE PHILADELPHIA PRICES,

WITH the addition of carriage, an assortment of *WIRE*, made of the Juniata iron from No. 1 to No. 24, inclusive. Any higher number made agreeable to order. He hopes that the manufacturers and merchants of the western country, will give him a portion of their custom, to support a new and large establishment.

Square inch iron, will be rolled down for smiths and other mechanics, at the following prices, viz:

To 7-8 one dol. per cwt.

6-8	two	do	do	do
5-8	three	do	do	do
4-8	four	do	do	do
3-8	five	do	do	do

WM: EICHBAUM.

March 28, 1814 tfq

FOR SALE,

BY ALLEN AND GRANT,

At the Warehouse recently occupied by James Adams,

408 bls. prime Orleans SUGAR.

21 bales do. do. COTTON,
14 reels Kentucky YARNS,
16 casks CRYSTAL PETRE,
381 bls. Kenhawa SALT,
21 do. LOAF SUGAR & prime green COFFEE.
39 bags prime green COFFEE,
12 bls. 2d qual. do.
31 do. heavy Sumatra PEPPER,
8 chests Hyson skin TEA,
20 bls. Carolina RICE.
14 tubs German STEEL.
15 boxes Cotton and Wool CARDS, assorted Nos.
5 tierces and 5 bls. English ALLUM.
41 glaziers DIAMONDS.
300 reams Chambersburgh PAPER.
21 packages mens' womens' and childrens' assorted SHOES.
105 pair fashionable BOOTS.

☞ Machine CARDS, direct from the manufactory, at cost and expences, constantly supplied.

January 10. tfq

Speakman & Say,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

DRUGGISTS.

Having established a *Drug & Chemical Warehouse* in Pittsburgh, & taken SAMUEL PETTIGREW into partnership in that concern. The business there will be conducted under the firm of

Speakman, Say & Co.

In Market Street, the third door from Front Street,

Where, by receiving in bulk, as well as manufacturing articles as the place will admit of, they hope to be able to sell at the lowest Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage expenses, ONLY.

☞ *They now offer for sale, an assortment of* DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, *&c. for* CASH, PRODUCE, *or at the usual credit.*

May 30, 1813 tfq

ROBINSON & BARBER,

HAVE NOW ON HAND & FOR SALE,

50 Barrels Loaf Sugar,

25,000 lbs. COFFEE, in bags and barrels,

20 Barrels SHAD,

150 do. 1st quality NEW ORLEANS SUGAR,

1-2 Pipe 4th proof Cogniac BRANDY,

1-2 do. Vidonia WINE.

October 25—1—*tfq*

BARR IRON.

The subscriber has now on hand, and intends keeping, a general assortment of *JUNIATA & CENTRE COUNTY*

BARR IRON,

which he will sell on reasonable terms for Cash. Waggoners and blacksmiths may be supplied with all kinds of waggon tire, drawn for that purpose. He likewise keeps an assortment of the best waggon boxes.

WILLIAM LACKEY.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1814. tf

WAGGONS WANTED.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

WISHES to employ 10 or 15 WAGGONS, to haul Iron from Juniata and Bellefonte Iron Works, to this place, for which liberal wages will be paid.

APPLY TO WILLIAM LECKY.

Pittsburgh, July 26 tfq

Doctor CHISHOLMS,

Anti-Bilious Pills,

OF A QUALITY

Superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a

GENERAL MEDICINE,

IN THIS COUNTRY,

NOW prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Chisholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates

This extraordinary medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of Anti-Bilious Pills. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuant of bile, is without example; never producing debility, or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child, or weakly female.

THE BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excrutiating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains*, wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flax-seed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and *diseases of the liver*, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills, taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case, the dose may be increased according to the strength or constitution.

The *Dysentery*, *Croup*, and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY in Pittsburgh, by

J. P. & J. W. Skelton,

At their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

February 1814. tfq

PATAPSCO COTTON FACTORY.

THE subscribers beg leave to announce to the public, that they have their FACTORY, near Ellicott's mills, *in complete operation*, and have opened their *Warehouse, at No.* 140, *Market street*, (the store formerly occupied by the Union Manufacturing Company) for the sale of COTTON YARN, of which they have on hand an extensive assortment. They flatter themselves that from the quality of their machinery, and the improved plan of the whole works, they will be enabled to offer as good Yarn as any made in the U. S. Country merchants will find it their interest to call and look at the Yarn.

EDWARD GRAY & Co.

Baltimore, Feb. 16. 4wcFG

Doctor Handy's,

WORM DESTROYING

LOZENGES,

A safe and efficacious Medicine for destroying and bringing away

WORMS.

MAY be used with safety by children of any age, or as common physic by the most delicate constitution, in any climate, without restraint of diet, or the smallest danger from cold. It may be given with advantage after the small-pox or measles; or as a family medicine, in any case where physic is necessary. The most frequent seat of worms in the human body, is the intestinal tube; but occasionally they have been found in almost every other part of the body.

Some very extraordinary cases of *Worms*, of an unusual form and appearance, being brought away by these Lozenges, have been made public in England, where the rapid sale of the medicine exceeds any thing of the kind ever known before; and has also proved, to a demonstration, its approved superiority, as an athelminthick, to the numerous puffed-up, useless nostrums, which are daily advertised in the newspapers.

A single dose of this *valuable Medicine* has often been known to remove half a pot-full of the Teres or Round Worms.

A few doses are generally sufficient to remove the Ascarides, a small white worm, the seat of which is either the stomach or rectum.

Even the *Tape Worm*, at all times the most difficult to destroy, may, by persevering in the frequent use of this medicine, be totally removed in the course of a few weeks.

To select cases, with the names of people who are not known here, *and living* at a great distance, would be useless, and take up too much of the reader's time. We shall therefore only observe, for the benefit of those who are unacquainted with the symptoms of worms, that they are known or suspected to exist by a pain in the stomach, attended with a sudden depression of spirits before eating; at other times, the belly is hard, painful and distended with wind—costiveness, head-ache, and trembling of the limbs, with a sense of something rising in the throat—pale complexion and emaciated body, with weakness and irregular appetite—convulsive, epileptic, or falling fits—pains in the back and side, and frequent itching of the nose, and sometimes of the anus. The above, and a long train of afflicting diseases may all be occasioned by worms, which are much oftener the cause of death than is commonly believed.

The above valuable Medicine is sold only by

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

at their wholesale and retail Drug Store, at the corner of Wood and Third Streets, Pittsburgh.

December 13, 1813.

TO RENT.

AND POSSESSION GIVEN THE FIRST OF APRIL NEXT,

THREE COMMODIOUS HOUSES in a pleasant situation on Grant street, near to Messrs. Page and Bakewell.

For terms enquire of

WM: GRAHAM, *Innkeeper, Pittsburgh, Jan.* 20, 1815.

Fulling & Wool Carding

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public, that their Works, lately erected at the Lower Falls of Big Beaver Creek, are now in operation.

Being provided with two pair of Fulling Stocks and the necessary implements and conveniences for dressing Broad and Narrow Cloths in the best manner, together with two Wool Cachines covered with fine Cards, calculated for carding Merino and Common Wool, conducted by experienced Workmen, the subscribers are encouraged to solicit a share of the public patronage, and hope to give satisfaction to those who may please to favor them with their custom in the above line of business.

Cloth to be dressed or Wool to be carded will be thankfully received by James Taylor at the Mill, and finished according to directions with punctuality and dispatch at the customary prices.

Cloth will also be received by George Cochran, at his Woollen Factory, in Pittsburgh, forwarded and returned when dressed.

JAMES TAYLOR,
JOHN WALKER,
M. EVANS,
GEO. COCHRAN, of Pitt.

January 9, 1815.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL STORE.

ROBERT GETTY,

Corner of Diamond and Market Street

HAS now received a large and general assortment of *India*, *English*, *French* and *Domestic* DRY GOODS, which will be sold at the lowest prices by piece or yard. Also, an extensive assortment of HARDWARE, CUTLERY and GROCERIES. TANNERS OIL by the barrel or gallon.

COTTON YARN TWIST AND FILLING.

He will also be supplied with the above article at the Philadelphia prices and carriage from No. 3 to 30. Orders from manufacturers and country merchants will be executed on the best terms.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 1st, 1815. tfq